

# Introduction to Computer Vision

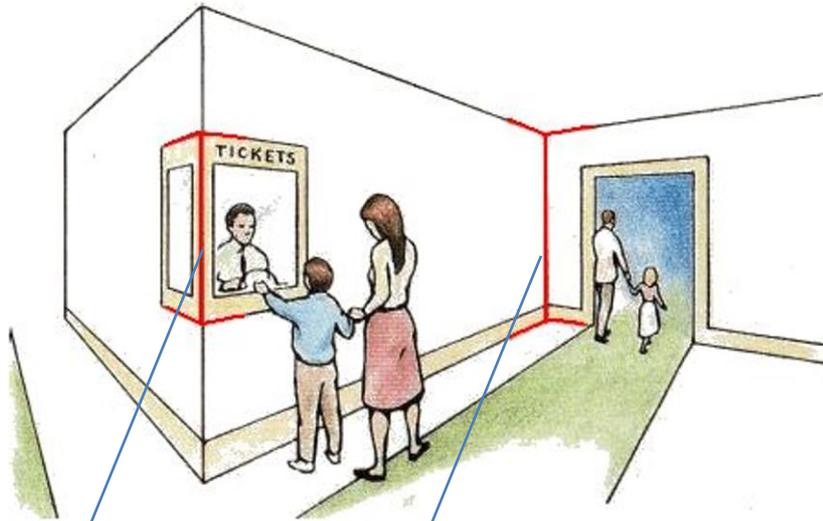
Srikumar Ramalingam

School of Computing

University of Utah

[srikumar@cs.utah.edu](mailto:srikumar@cs.utah.edu)

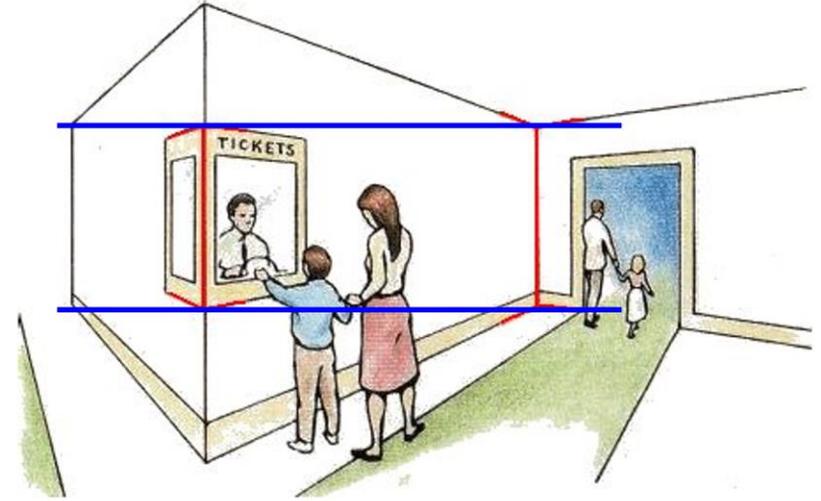
# How do we perceive lengths?



a

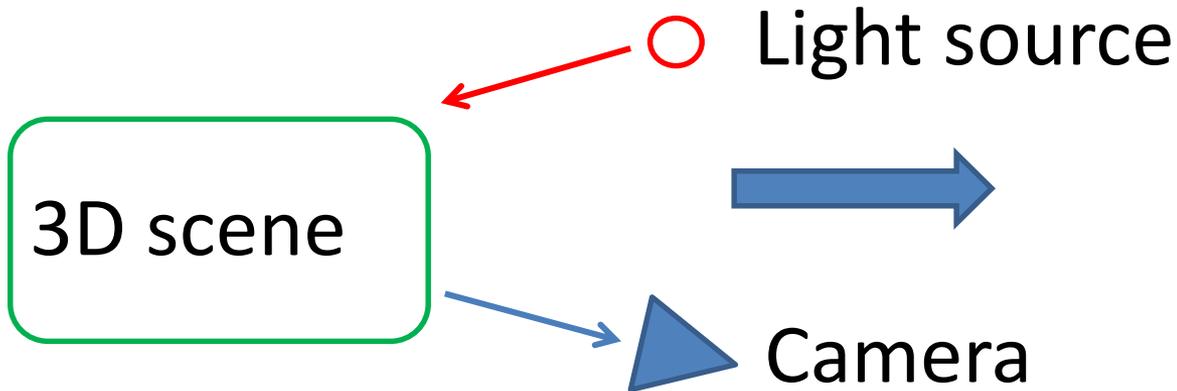
b

Is  $a < b$ ?



[Müller-Lyer Illusion]

# What is computer vision?



- Same image can not be captured twice
  - viewpoint, scene, and lighting changes
- What led to this image? (some kind of detective work!)
  - geometry, objects (humans, cars), lighting, camera pose
- “Vision is putting the toothpaste back into the tube” – John Mayhew

# What can you infer?



- Where is this photo taken?
- When was this photo taken?
- What is the height of the photographer?

# Applications of computer vision



Autonomous driving



Health



Factory automation



Gaming



Home appliances  
(camera + vacuum cleaner)



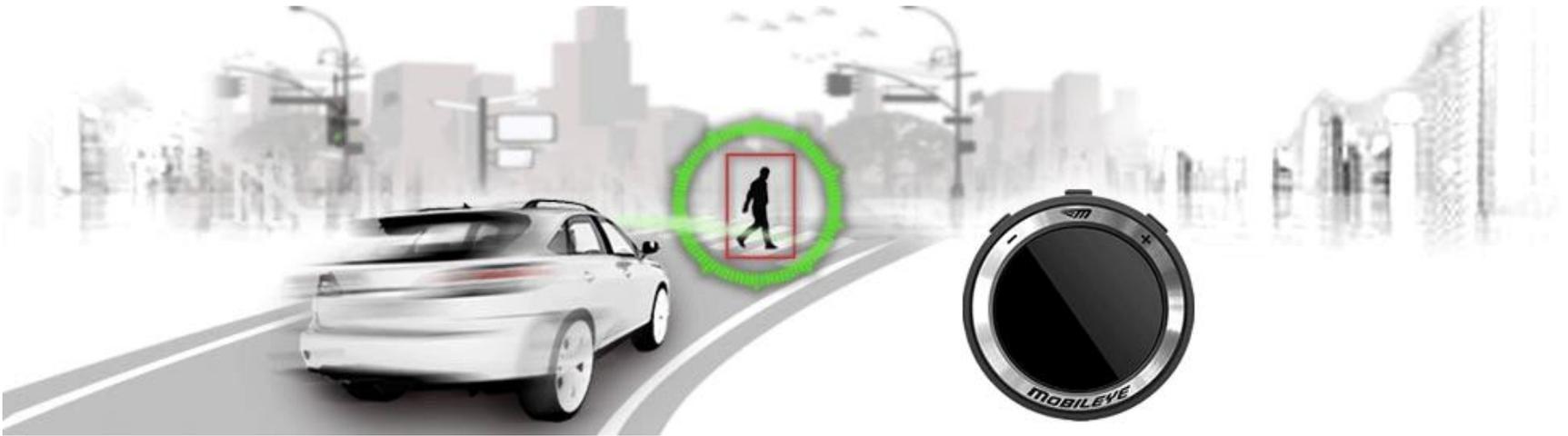
Surveillance

# Is autonomous driving hard?

- Location
- Path planning
- Surroundings
- Predicting the behavior of neighbors
  - recursive!



# Mobileye



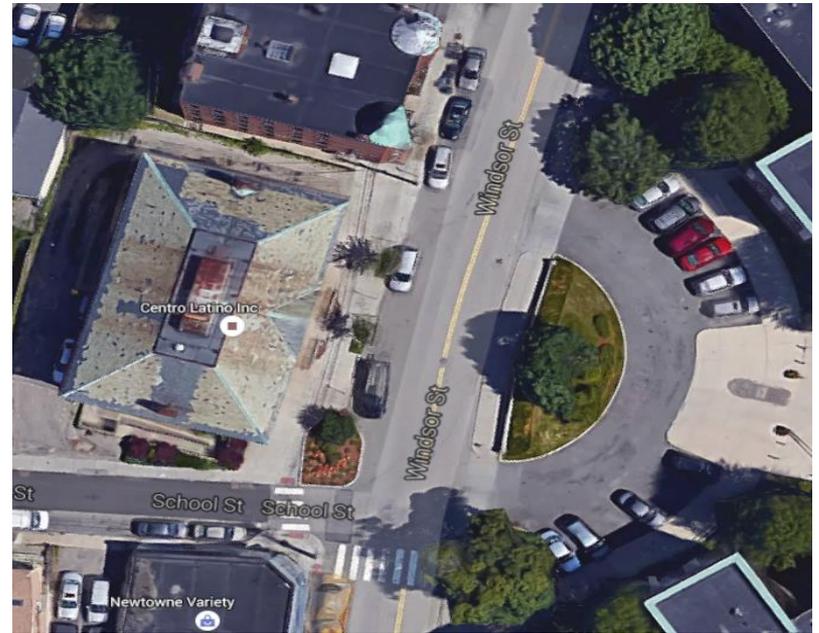
[Image courtesy: Mobileye]

Provides several functionalities like pedestrian collision warning, lane departure warning, etc.

# Google Earth



High resolution 3D model



Aerial image with roads marked

[Courtesy: Google Earth and Maps]

# Self-driving Car from Google



The going rate for self-driving talent is \$10 million per person –  
Sebastian Thrun,  
<http://www.recode.net/2016/9/17/12943214/sebastian-thrun-self-driving-talent-pool>

# Face detection



[Image courtesy: Szeliski]

- Most digital cameras can detect faces now.

[Paul Viola and Michael Jones, 2001]

# Reconstructing the interiors of museums for Google Earth



Jianxiong Xiao and Yasutaka Furukawa

# Exploring Image Collections in 3D



Microsoft Photo Tourism Project  
Noah Snavely, Steve Seitz, and Rick Szeliski

# Microsoft Kinect: Gaming and beyond

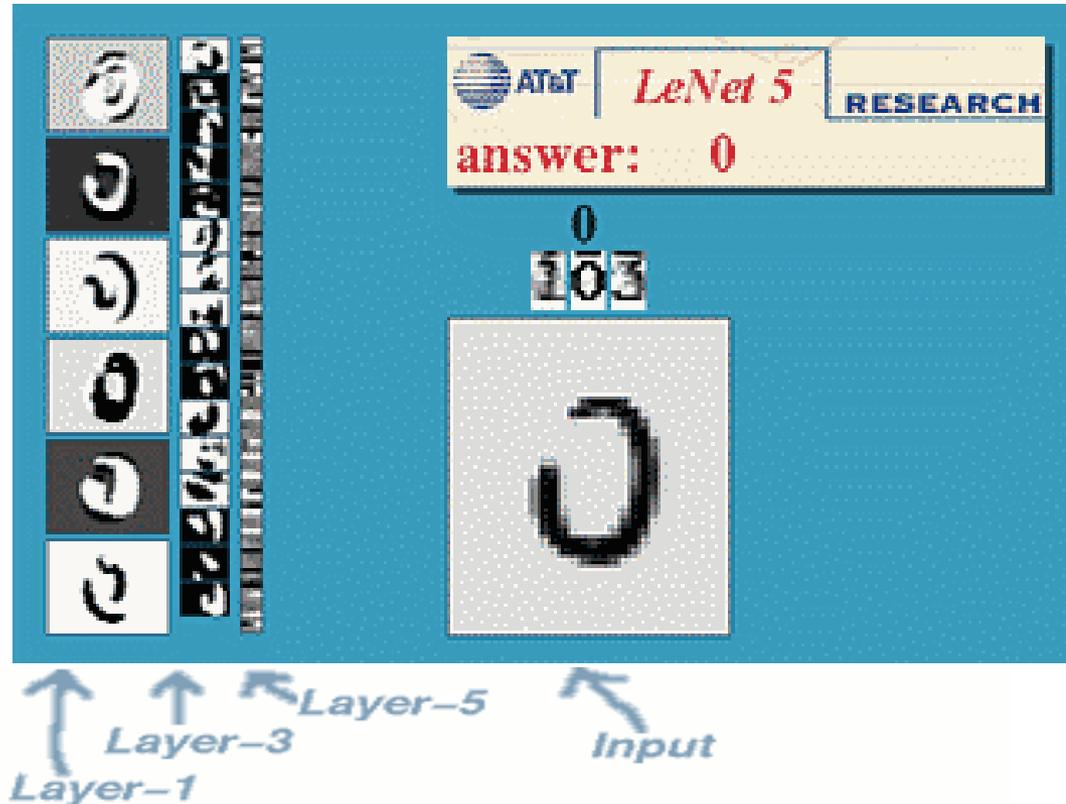


Depth image



Segmented body parts

# Optical character recognition (OCR)



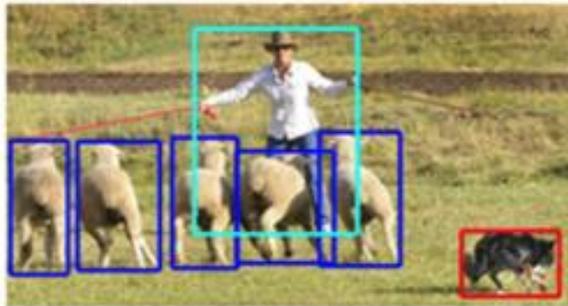
[Image courtesy: <http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/lenet/>  
Digit Recognition, AT & T Labs]

Applications of OCR: reading checks, postal addresses, assisting blind people, reading number plates, etc.

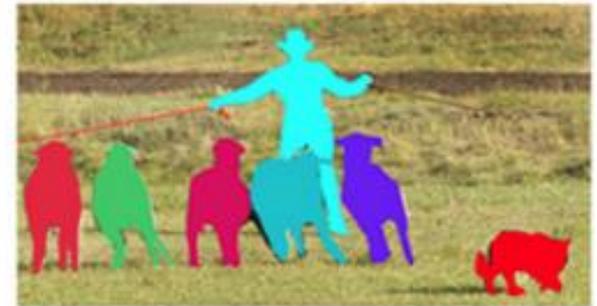
# Interpretation of images from social networks



(a) classification



(b) detection

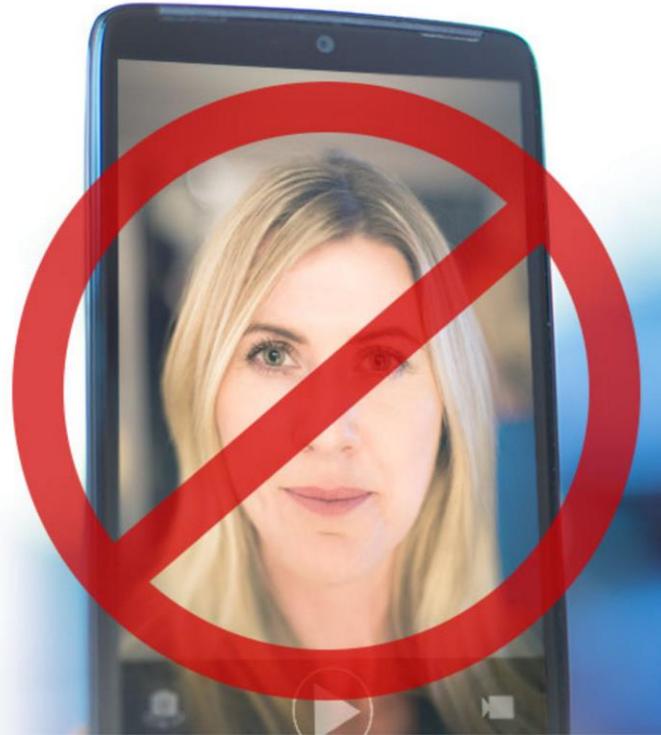


(c) segmentation

[Image courtesy: Facebook]

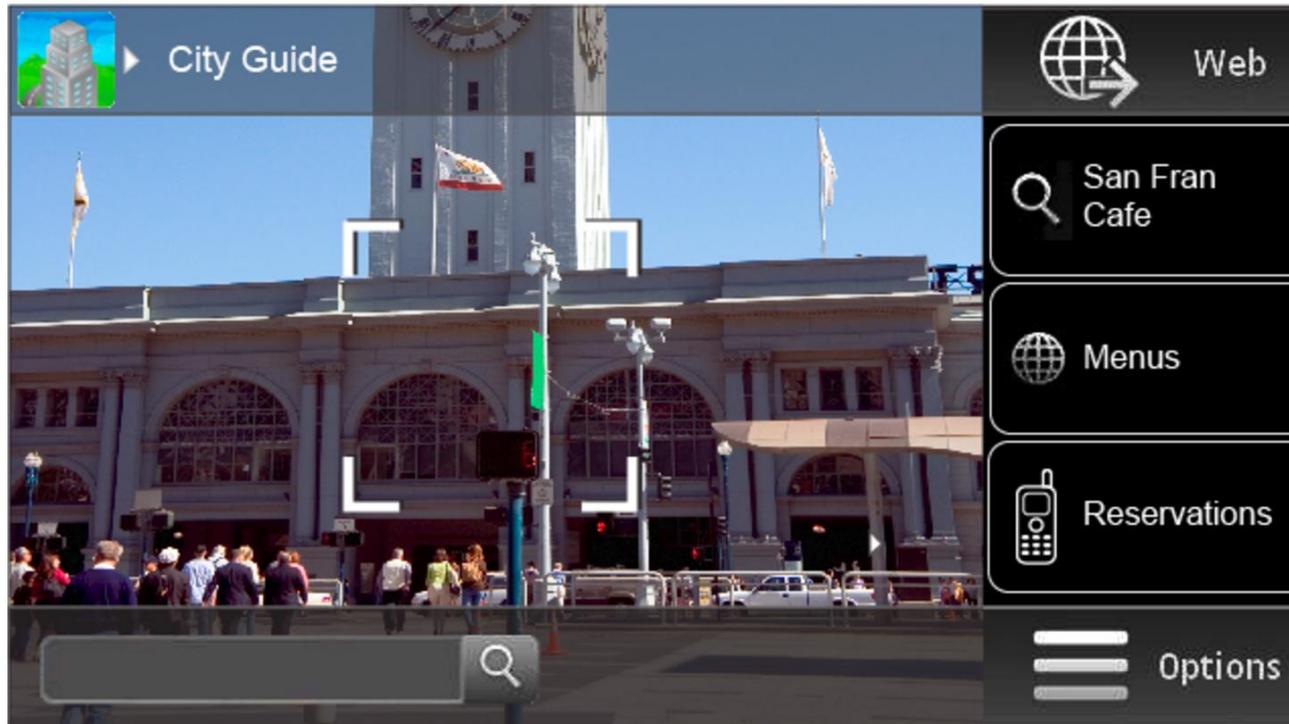
~1.6 billion people and growing fast!

# Face authentication can not be fooled



[[www.sensiblevision.com](http://www.sensiblevision.com)]

# Object recognition (in mobile phones)



Point and Find App, Nokia

# 3D Modeling from a collection of Images

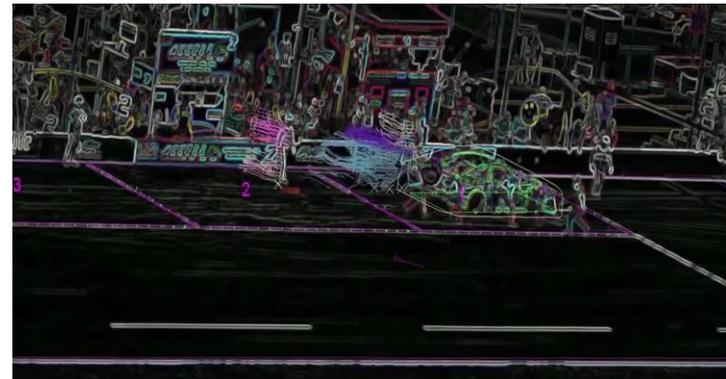
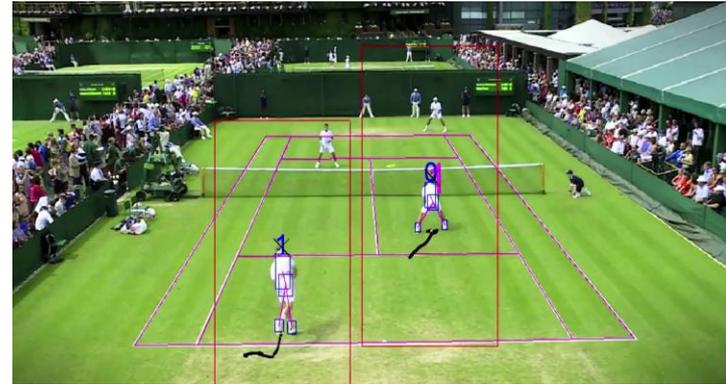
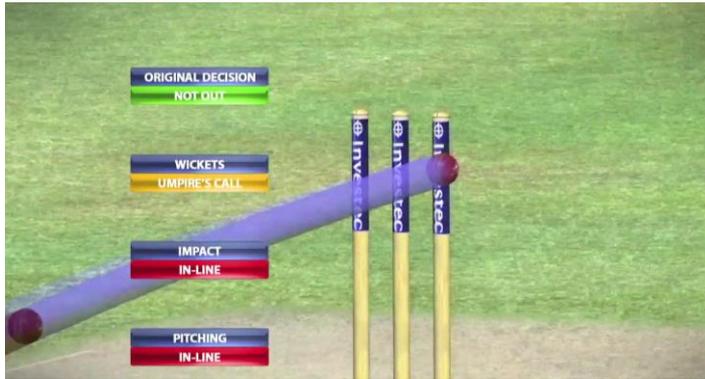


[From Debevec's PhD Thesis: The Campanile Movie]



*The Bullet Time: The Matrix*

# Sports Analysis



- Some kind of tracking of players and balls!

# StreetScore

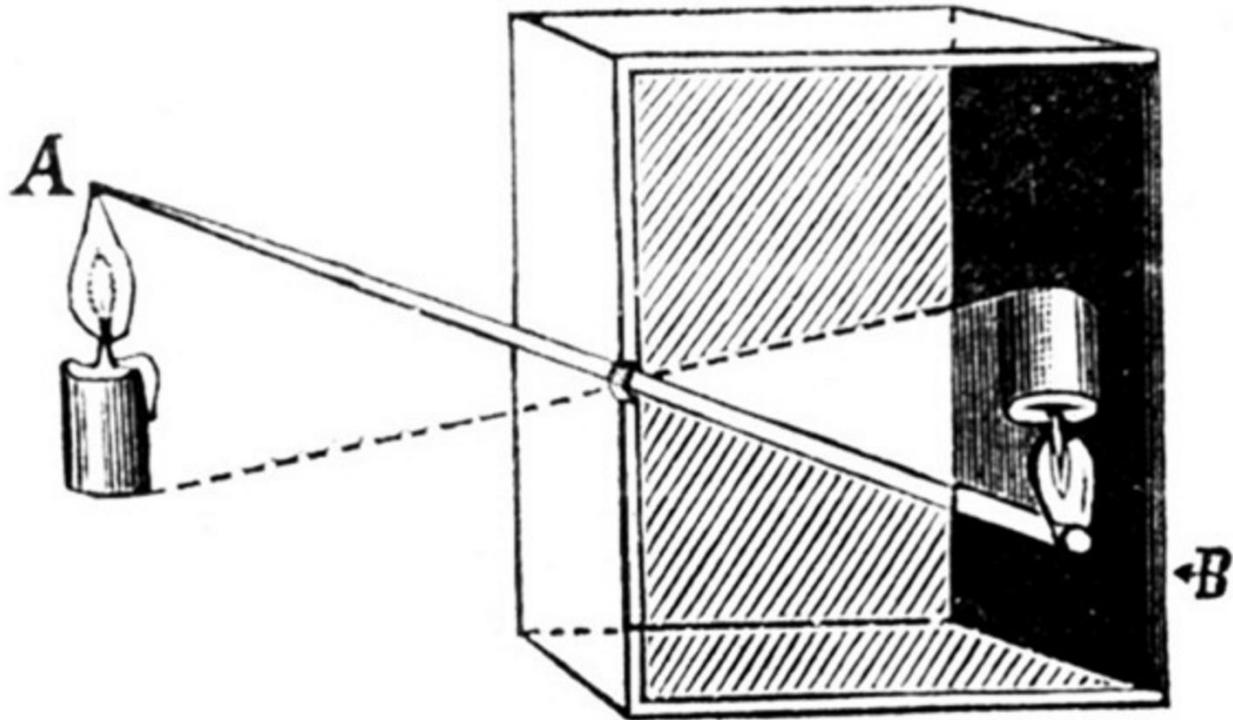


[<https://www.media.mit.edu/projects/streetscore/overview/>]

# Course Website

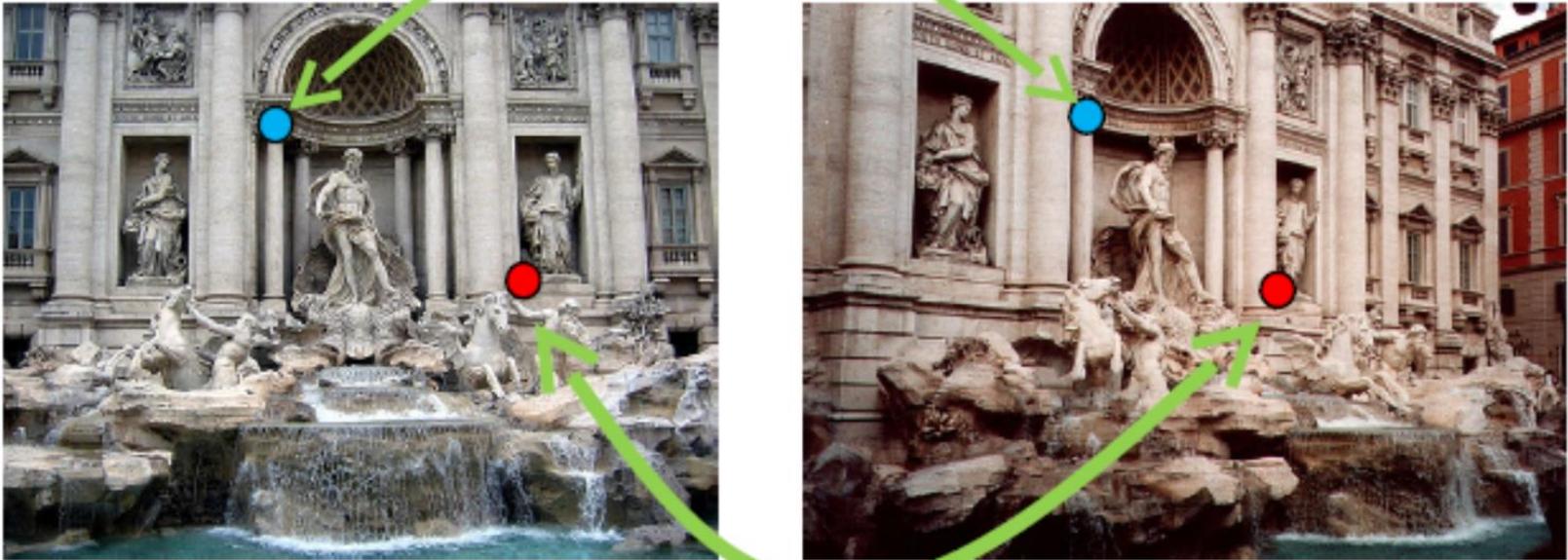
- [https://www.cs.utah.edu/~srikumar/cv\\_spring2017.htm](https://www.cs.utah.edu/~srikumar/cv_spring2017.htm)

# Camera Models and Image Formation



- Camera obscura, pinhole model, projection of 3D scene on 2D images, etc.

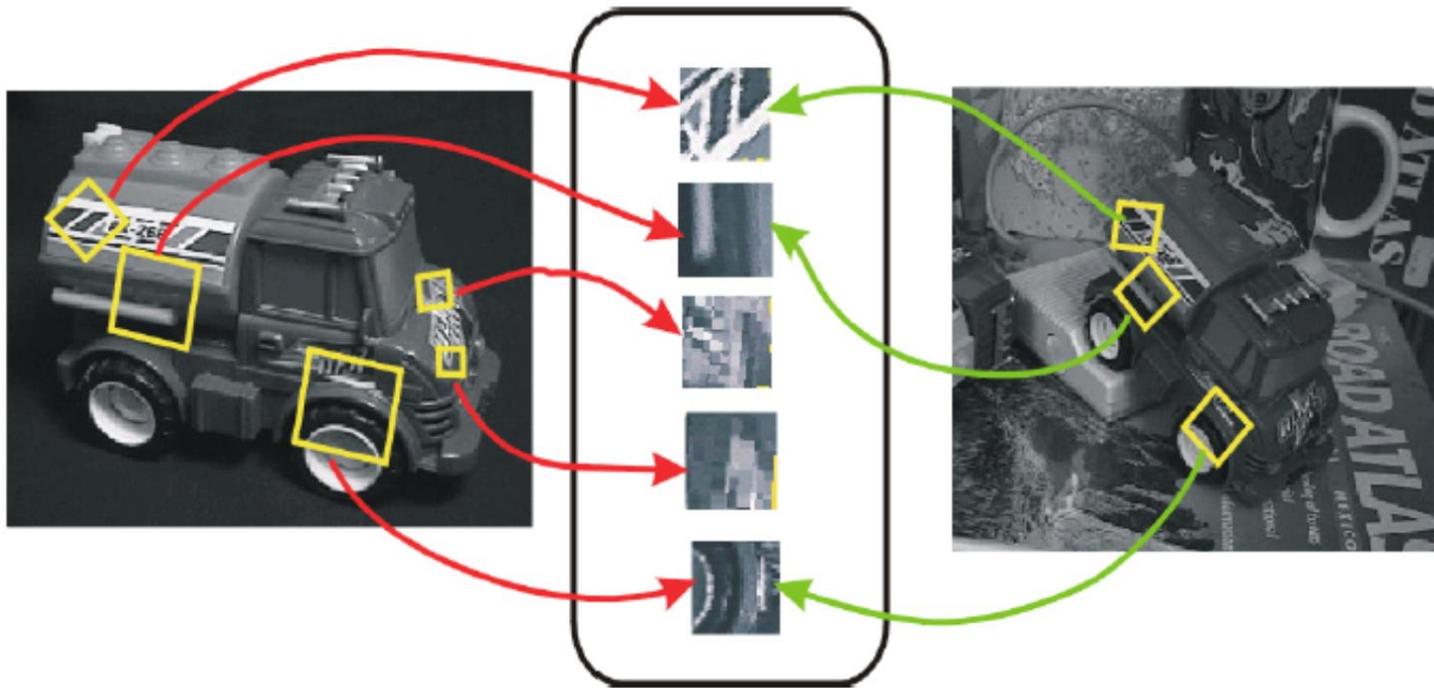
# Feature detectors and matching



Keypoint matching under varying illumination

- Basic understanding of keypoints, feature descriptors, and matching

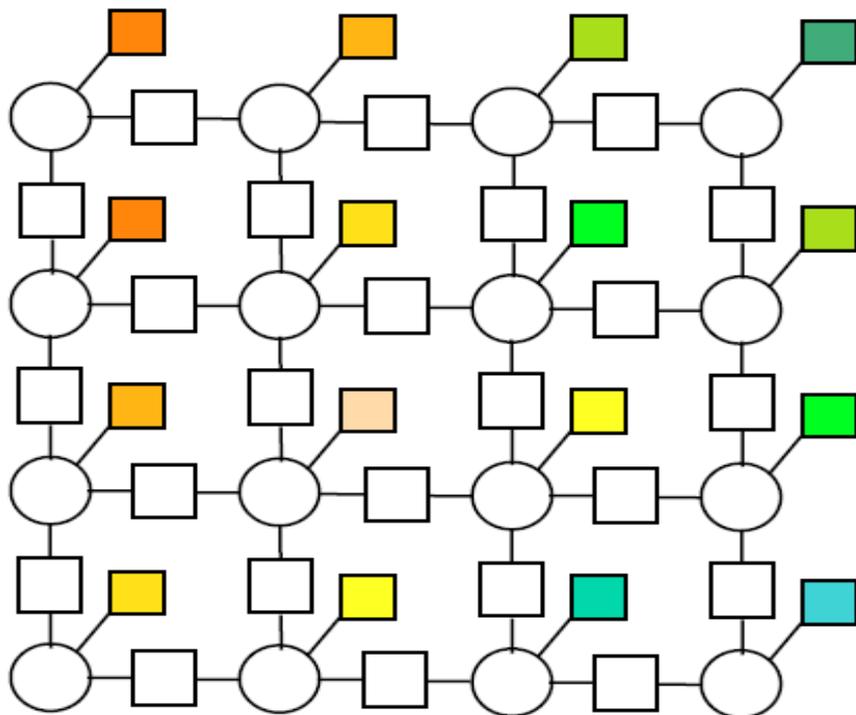
# Feature detectors and matching



Keypoint matching under varying viewpoints

- Basic understanding of keypoints, feature descriptors, and matching

# Inference problems



Goal: find most probable interpretation of scene

[Courtesy: J. Yedidia]

- Inference on Markov Random Fields

# Simple Segmentation problems with 2-labels



[Boykov and Jolly'2001, Rother et al. 2004]

# Multi-label problems



Left Camera Image



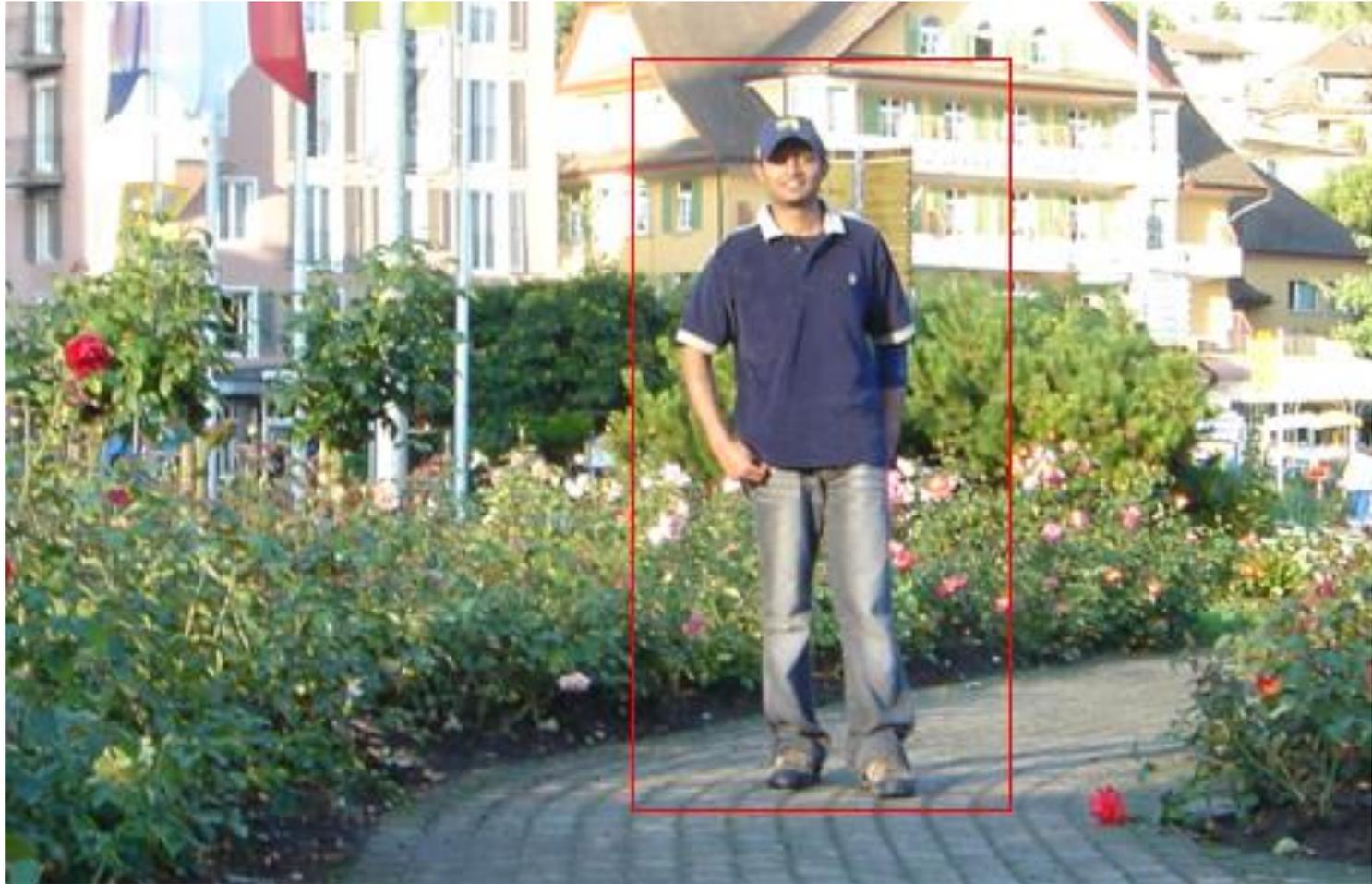
Right Camera Image



Dense Stereo Result

- Choose the disparities from the discrete set:  $(1, 2, \dots, L)$

# Human Detection

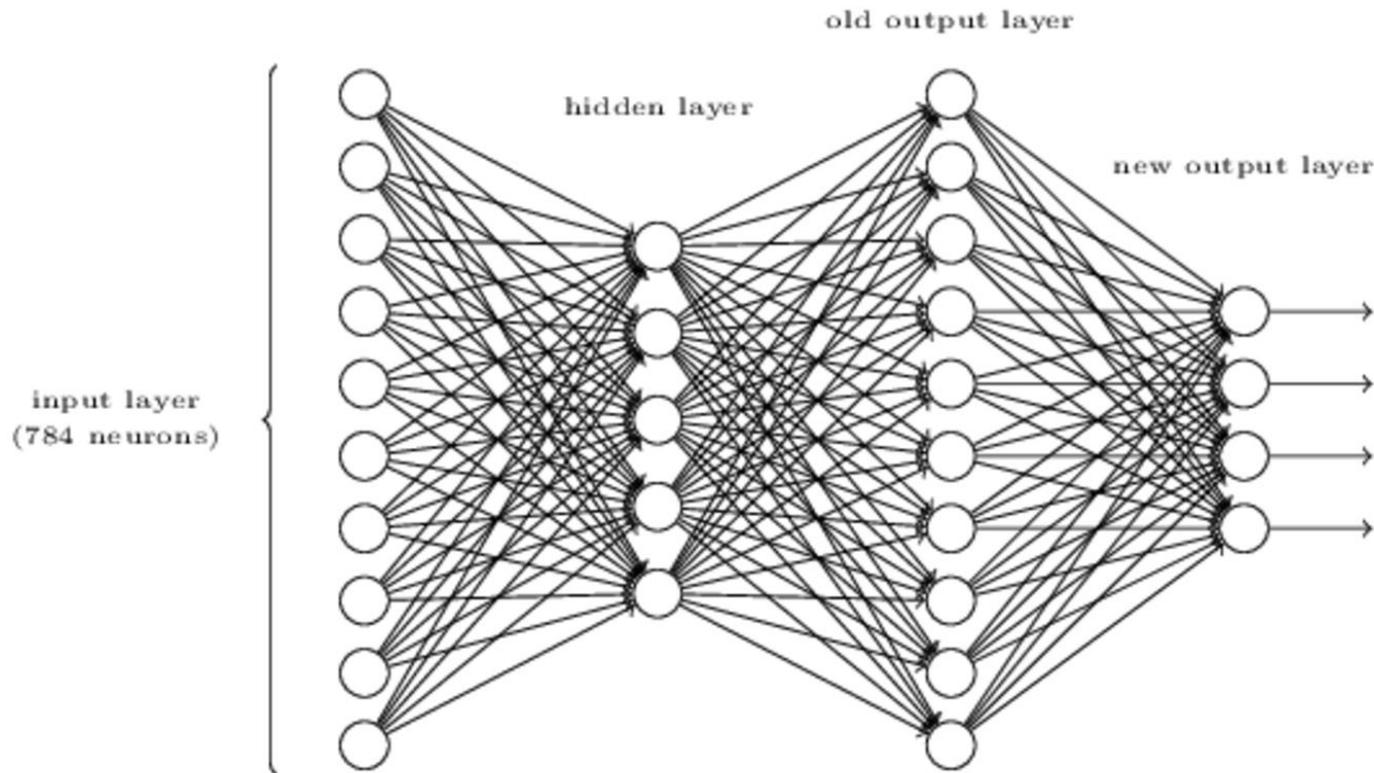


[Dalal and Triggs, 2005]

# Object Class Segmentation



# Deep Neural Networks



<http://neuralnetworksanddeeplearning.com/>

- We will discuss some of the basics and learn to use the existing deep learning packages such as caffe or tensorflow.

Thank You!