

# L5: Min Hashing

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Input: Document  $\equiv$  string words, or characters.

↳ bigrams  
sets

$$D_1 \rightarrow S_1 \xrightarrow{\text{sets}} V_1$$
$$D_2 \rightarrow S_2 \xrightarrow{\text{sets}} V_2 \quad V_j \in \mathbb{R}^{1000}$$
$$D_3 \rightarrow S_3 \xrightarrow{\text{sets}} V_3$$

ME

Jaccard Sim

$$JS(S_1, S_2) = \frac{|S_1 \cap S_2|}{|S_1 \cup S_2|}$$

using  
hashing

1

↳  
could  
have  
 $D_1 \rightarrow V_1$   
 $D_2 \rightarrow V_2$

bags-of-words

$$V_j \in \mathbb{R}^{100,000}$$

w/  
bigram  
 $\mathbb{R}^{(100,000)^2}$

Round-about

Min - Hashing

Set  $\rightarrow$  matrix  $\times$  vector

<u>Element</u>	$S_1$	$S_2$	$S_3$	$S_4$
1	1	0	0	1
2	1	0	1	0
3	0	1	1	0
4	0	0	1	1
5	1	0	0	0
6	0	0	1	1

Permutation

2, 6, 4, 3, 1, 5

$$S_1 = \{1, 2, 5\}$$

$$S_2 = \{3\}$$

$$S_3 = \{2, 3, 4, 6\}$$

$$S_4 = \{1, 4, 6\}$$

Element  $S_1$   $S_2$   $S_3$   $S_4$

2	1	0	1	0
6	0	0	1	1
4	0	0	0	1
3	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	1
5	1	0	0	0
$m_i$	2	3	2	6

Map set to vector  $\mathbb{R}^k$

$$S_i \xrightarrow{\text{permute}} \begin{bmatrix} m_1(S_i) \\ m_2(S_i) \\ m_3(S_i) \\ \vdots \\ m_k(S_i) \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^k$$

$$m_i(S_i)$$

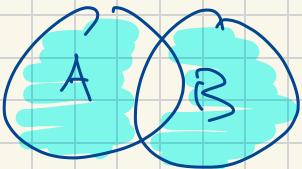
$k = \# \text{ iterations}$   
 $\hookrightarrow \# \text{ permutations}$

single value representation of  
 $S_i$  using  $i$ th  
permutation.  
Value is first row  
w/ 1

$$v_j$$

$$\overline{\sum_{j=1}^k} (S_1, S_2) = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^k \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 1 & \text{if } (v_j)_i = v_i \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$E \left[ \underset{\text{perm}}{\hat{JS}}(s_1, s_2) \right] = JS(s_1, s_2)$$



$$\Pr \left[ \underset{\text{perm}}{m_i}(s_1) = m_i(s_2) \right] = JS(s_1, s_2)$$

$$JS(A, B) = \frac{|A \cap B|}{|A \cup B|} = \frac{|A \cap B|}{|A \cap B| + |A \Delta B|}$$

$A \cap B \Rightarrow \# \text{ element in both}$

which element [ $m$ ]  
can be first non-zero  
in either A or B.

which element [ $m$ ]  
can give collision  $\Rightarrow m_i(A) = m_i(B)$   
 $= A \cap B$

$A \Delta B \Rightarrow \# \text{ element in 1 or other not both}$

Chernoff  
Hoeffding

Let R.V.s  $X_1, \dots, X_K$  i.i.d  $X_i \in \{0, 1\}$

to know  $E[X_j] = u$

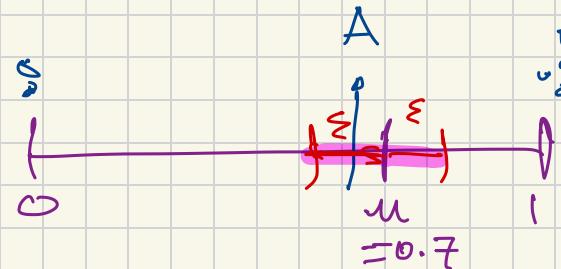
$$A = \frac{1}{K} \sum_{j=1}^K X_j \quad E[A] = u$$

$$\Pr[|A - u| > \varepsilon] \leq 2 \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon K^2}{2}\right) = \delta$$

$\delta$   
 $\varepsilon$   
Probabilistic Approx Correct

PAC

$$\text{Solve for } K = \frac{2}{\varepsilon^2} \log \frac{2}{\delta}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \varepsilon &= 0.05 \\ \delta &= 0.01 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow K = \frac{2}{\varepsilon^2} \log \frac{2}{\delta} = 6400$$

Define hash function

$$h_i : [|\Sigma|] \rightarrow [N]$$

$\nwarrow$   
# things  
in all sets

random ( $w_1, \dots, w_N$ , salt,  $s$ )  
maps uniformly to  
 $N = |\Sigma|^2$   $[N]$

only need comparison operator

once chosen  $h_i \sim \mathcal{X}$ , then deterministic.

Convert Set  $S$  to vector  $v \in \mathbb{R}^k$

$h_1, h_2, \dots, h_k \sim \mathcal{X}$

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for ( $x_i \in S$ )
    for ( $j=1$  to  $k$ )
        if ( $h_j(x_i) < v_j$ )
             $v_j \leftarrow h_j(x_i)$ 

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init  $v = (N+1, N+1, \dots, N+1) \in \mathbb{R}^k$

$h_1 \quad h_2 \quad v_j$   
 $h_2$

Fast Min Hash

Next Scenario  $Z = \begin{cases} 1 \text{ billion documents} \\ 1 \text{ billion web pages} \\ 7 \text{ million Wikipedia articles} \end{cases}$

given document

find element  $z \in Z$  so  $\text{JS}(g, z)$   
largest.

quickly w/ scanning all  
documents

→ w/ Locality Sensitive Hashing  
LSH